

### DECODING THE LABEL: KNOW YOUR BEEF CHOICES

Like the farmers and ranchers who choose how best to raise their cattle for beef, you have choices when it comes to the beef you buy. **Cattle are raised responsibly and beef is wholesome and nutritious** – but you may see a variety of statements that reflect different production practices on beef packages in your grocery store or on a menu. The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) approves these labels for beef based on specific criteria.



### **GRAIN-FINISHED**

(most beef is raised this way and likely doesn't have a specific label claim)

#### THIS BEEF COMES FROM CATTLE THAT...

• Spend the majority of their lives eating grass or forage

- Spend 4-6 months at a feedyard eating a balanced diet of grains, local feed ingredients, like potato hulls or sugar beets, and hay or forage
- May or may not be given U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved antibiotics to treat, prevent or control disease and/or growth-promoting hormones

# GRASS-FINISHED OR GRASS-FED

#### THIS BEEF COMES FROM CATTLE THAT...

- Spend their whole lives eating grass or forage
- May also eat grass, forage, hay or silage at a feedyard
- May or may not be given FDA-approved antibiotics to treat, prevent or control disease and/or growth-promoting hormones

## CERTIFIED ORGANIC

#### THIS BEEF COMES FROM CATTLE THAT...

- Never receive any antibiotics or growth-promoting hormones
- May be either grain- or grass-finished, as long as the USDA's Agriculture Marketing Service (AMS) certifies the feed is 100% organically grown
- May spend time at a feedyard

NATURALLY RAISED (may be referred to as "never-ever")

### THIS BEEF COMES FROM CATTLE THAT...

- Never receive any antibiotics or growth-promoting hormones
- May be either grain- or grass-finished
- May spend time at a feedyard



You will likely come across other beef labels. For example, USDA labels like "beef raised without antibiotics" (cattle have never received antibiotics but may receive growth-promoting hormones) and "beef raised without hormones" (cattle have never received growth-promoting hormones but may receive antibiotics). All USDA labels must be approved through a formal submission and evaluation process. You might also see other claims on labels, including references to cattle breed, where cattle were raised and cattle welfare.

References: U.S. Department of Agriculture 'Choices of Beef Definitions,' October, 2016 and USDA 2012 Ag Census Cattle Industry Highlights, February, 2015



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